The ruling you have requested has been amended as a result of litigation and has been attached to this document.

November 5, 2001

Mr. Charles M. Allen, II City of Richardson P.O. Box 831078 Richardson, Texas 75083-1078

OR2001-5083

Dear Mr. Allen:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 154342.

The City of Richardson (the "city") received a request for copies of all general orders, special orders, general policies, general guidelines, general procedures, and general rules relating to the Richardson Police Department. You claim that the submitted information is excepted from disclosure pursuant to section 552.108 of the Government Code. We have considered the exception you claim and have reviewed the submitted information and representative sample documents.<sup>1</sup>

Section 552.108 of the Government Code provides in pertinent part:

(b) An internal record or notation of a law enforcement agency or prosecutor that is maintained for internal use in matters relating to law enforcement or prosecution is excepted from the requirements of Section 552.021 if:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> We assume that the "representative sample" of records submitted to this office is truly representative of the requested records as a whole. See Open Records Decision Nos. 499 (1988), 497 (1988). This open records letter does not reach and, therefore, does not authorize the withholding of any other requested records to the extent that those records contain substantially different types of information than that submitted to this office.

(1) release of the internal record or notation would interfere with law enforcement or prosecution.

Gov't Code § 552.108(b)(1). This office has determined that procedural information related to law enforcement may, under some circumstances, be withheld under section 552.108 or its statutory predecessors. See, e.g., Open Records Decision Nos. 531 (1989) (detailed use of force guidelines), 456 (1987) (forms indicating location of off-duty police officers), 413 (1984) (security measures to be used at next execution), 341 (1982) (Department of Public Safety drivers' licenses forgery detection procedures), 143 (1976) (specific operations or specialized equipment directly related to investigation or detection of crime). However, when section 552.108(b) is claimed, the agency claiming it must reasonably explain, if the information does not supply the explanation on its face, how releasing the information would interfere with law enforcement. See Open Records Decision No. 434 at 3(1986). You state that the release of the submitted information would interfere with the detection, investigation, and prosecution of crime. Based on our review of the submitted information, we find that the release of some portions of the information would interfere with law enforcement. Accordingly, we conclude that you may withhold the marked information from disclosure pursuant to section 552.108(b)(1) of the Government Code. However, the city must release the remaining submitted information to the requestor.

This letter ruling ids limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, within 10 calendar days of this ruling, the governmental body will do one of the following three things: 1) release the public records; 2) notify the requestor of the exact day, time, and place that copies of the records will be provided or that the records can be inspected; or 3) notify the requestor of the governmental body's intent to challenge this letter ruling in court. If the governmental body fails to do one of these three things within 10 calendar days of this ruling, then the requestor should report

that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at 877/673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Department of Public Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.--Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the General Services Commission at 512/475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,

Ronald J. Bounds

Assistant Attorney General Open Records Division

Romer G. Bourdo

RJB/seg

Ref:

ID# 154342

Enc.

Marked documents

cc:

Mr. Fred Slice 2406 Diamond Oaks Dallas, Texas 75044

(w/o enclosures)

## CAUSE NO. GV103992

CITY OF RICHARDSON, TEXAS Plaintiff,	§ §	IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF	8	desper
V.  GREG ABBOTT, ATTORNEY GENERAL	9 9	TRAVIS COUNTY, TEXAS	05 JAN 26 PM 2:	SICT CLERK
OF TEXAS, Defendant.		201 <sup>ST</sup> JUDICIAL DISTRICT		freeze 72 DIST TREESES

## AGREED FINAL JUDGMENT

On this date, the Court heard the parties' motion for entry of an agreed final judgment. Plaintiff, City of Richardson, and Defendant, Greg Abbott, Attorney General of Texas, appeared by and through their respective attorneys and announced to the court that all matters of fact and things in controversy between them had been fully and finally compromised and settled. This cause is an action under the Public Information Act (PIA), Tex. Gov't Code ch. 552. The parties represent to the Court that, in compliance with Tex. Gov't Code § 552.325(c), the requestor was sent reasonable notice of this setting and of the parties' agreement that City of Richardson may withhold parts of the information at issue; that the requestor was also informed of his right to intervene in the suit to contest the withholding of this information; and that the requestor, Fred Slice, has not informed the parties of his intention to intervene. Neither has the requestor filed a motion to intervene or appeared today. After considering the agreement of the parties and the law, the Court is of the opinion that entry of an agreed final judgment is appropriate, disposing of all claims between these parties.

## IT IS THEREFORE ADJUDGED, ORDERED AND DECLARED that:

1. The information at issue, specifically, Richardson Police Department General Orders 4.03.06-82, 4.04.08-89, 1.00.42-86, 2.01.04-85, 2.01.05-85, 2.01.19-89, 2.06.01-89,